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CONFIRMATION NO. ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. FIRST NAMED INVENTOR FILING DATE APPLICATION NO. 040302-0284 8726 Fuminori Yamanashi 10/048,058 01/25/2002 EXAMINER 02/27/2004 22428 7590 YUAN, DAH WEI D FOLEY AND LARDNER **SUITE 500** PAPER NUMBER ART UNIT 3000 K STREET NW 1745 WASHINGTON, DC 20007

DATE MAILED: 02/27/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Applicant(s)
	Application No.	Applicant(s)
,	10/048,058	YAMANASHI, FUMINORI
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Dah-Wei D. Yuan	1745
The MAILING DATE of this communication	appears on the cover sheet wi	th the correspondence address
Period for Reply		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REI THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory per Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by sta Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the may earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	N. 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a re- reply within the statutory minimum of thirt- iod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON tute, cause the application to become AB	eply be timely filed y (30) days will be considered timely. THS from the mailing date of this communication. IANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on _	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
,	his action is non-final.	·
3) Since this application is in condition for allow		ers, prosecution as to the merits is
closed in accordance with the practice under	•	
Disposition of Claims		•
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-14</u> is/are pending in the applicati		
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are without	Irawn from consideration.	
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.		
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,13 and 14</u> is/are rejected.		
7)⊠ Claim(s) <u>2-12</u> is/are objected to.	,	
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction an	d/or election requirement.	
Application Papers		
••	·iman	
9) The specification is objected to by the Exam		higgstad to by the Everyiner
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on 25 January 2002 is/a		•
Applicant may not request that any objection to		
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the cor		
11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the	Examiner. Note the attached	1 Office Action or form PTO-152.
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore	ign priority under 35 U.S.C. §	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).
a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:		
1. Certified copies of the priority docum	ents have been received.	
2. Certified copies of the priority docum		opplication No
3.⊠ Copies of the certified copies of the p		
application from the International Bur		• -
* See the attached detailed Office action for a		received.
Attachment(s)		
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		Summary (PTO-413)
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	·	s)/Mail Date
 Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>01252002</u>. 	(08) 5) Notice of 1	nformal Patent Application (PTO-152)

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FUEL CELL SYSTEM FOR MOVING BODY AND CONTROL METHOD THEREOF

Examiner: Yuan

S.N. 10/048,058

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February 23, 2004

Claim Objections

1. Claim 1 is objected to because of the following informalities:

The scope of the following phrase in claim 1 is not clear "supplies minimum gas including oxygen required for maintaining a temperature of said carbon monoxide removing reactor to said carbon monoxide removing reactor" in lines 26-29. It is suggested the recitation to be edited as follows "supplies minimum gas including oxygen required for maintaining a temperature of said carbon monoxide removing reactor is supplied to said carbon monoxide removing reactor".

Appropriate corrections are required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1,13,14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Motozono et al. (US 6,638,652 B1) in view of Benz et al. (US 6,676,907 B1).

Motonzono et al. teach a fuel cell-powered vehicle comprising a reformer (6) that is designed to reform a mixture of methanol as reformate fuel and water into hydrogen and carbon

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dioxide. The reformer is composed of a heater for heating the reformate fuel, a reforming unit (21), and a carbon monoxide oxidizing unit (22). The vehicle further comprises a fuel cell (1) downstream of the reforming unit and the CO oxidizing unit, an injector (26), and an air feeder, which supplies air to the reforming unit and CO oxidizing unit. See Figure 11. The vehicle further comprises an electronic control unit (37) (running state detecting section), which determines the reformate fuel amount by calculating according to the output current of the fuel cell detected by the current sensor (14), stored date and program and issues a command signal to the pump so as to supply the determined amount of reformate fuel. The output related quantity can be the opening degree of the accelerator of the vehicle or the sum of capacities of auxiliary machines in operation. When the active temperature of the catalyst in the reforming unit 21 is relatively high, e.g., about 280°C, the heat for maintaining this temperature is fed from the heat of the reformate fuel and the heat generated by partial oxidation reaction. Therefore, it is necessary to keep supplying the reformate fuel by at least equal to or more than the specified minimum amount in order to maintain the catalyst at the active temperature. Accordingly, in step 24, the reformate methanol amount at the time of idling of the reformer 6, that is, the lower limit value of the reformate fuel, and the reformate methanol amount Fm determined through step 23 are compared, and the larger value is selected and issued as reformate methanol command value. Therefore, if the reformate gas demanded in the fuel cell 1 is slight, the reformate fuel more than the predetermined lower limit is supplied into the reforming unit 21 as mentioned above, so that the temperature of the reformate catalyst is maintained above the active Application/Control Number: 10/048,058

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temperature or predetermined specific temperature. See Column 8, Lines 15-41; Column 9, Lines 7-50; Column 10, Lines 46-65; Column 12, Lines 13-21.

However, Motozono et al. do not teach the supply of gas including oxygen to maintain the temperature of the carbon monoxide removing reactor. Benz et al. teach a mobile methanol reforming systems for fuel cell operated motor vehicles. Particularly for this mobile application, there are the requirements (1) of rapidly reacting to typical load changes in the vehicle, and (2) of being able to supply hydrogen for the fuel cells as fast as possible after the system start, and achieving this by means of a relatively compactly constructed reforming system. As the result of the coupling of the carbon monoxide removal unit stage 2.2 with the first stage 1.1. of the reforming unit 1, the output temperature of the second stage 2.2 of the carbon monoxide removal unit 2 is low because, as the result of the endothermic reaction in the first reforming stage 1.1, the reactor temperature at the output of the carbon monoxide removal unit 2 is clearly lowered by the thermal coupling. This results in an advantageous low carbon monoxide outlet concentration of the carbon monoxide removal unit 2. The resulting temperature profile can be adjusted by way of an air apportioning in the carbon monoxide removal unit 2 largely independently of the load. Thus, high dynamics of the system can be achieved. In principle, a measured introduction of air can also be individually adjusted at any stage 2.1, 2.2 of the carbon monoxide removal unit 2. See Column 1, Lines 9-17; Column 3, 1-27. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to maintaining the flow of air in the carbon monoxide removal unit regardless of the load condition of the vehicle of Motozono et al., because Benz et al. teach the use of such practice to achieve high dynamics of the system in a fuel cell-powered vehicle.

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Allowable Subject Matter

4. Claims 2-12 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims. Claims 2-12 would be allowable because the prior art does not disclose or suggest the inclusion of a combustor for processing discharged reformed gas and discharged gas, wherein said control section supplies minimum gas including oxygen required for maintaining temperature of said combustor when it is judged that said moving body was running and said accelerator was closed based on the information of said running state detecting section and said accelerator opening detecting section.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Dah-Wei D. Yuan whose telephone number is (571) 272-1295. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday (8:00-5:00).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Patrick J. Ryan, can be reached on (571) 272-1292. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR

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system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Dah-Wei D. Yuan February 23, 2004 Dave /